EVENING STAR.

WASHINGTON CITY:

WEDNESDAY.....March 16, 1859.

☞ THOUGH "THE STAR" IS PRINTED ON THE FASTEST STEAM PRESS IN USE SOUTH OF BALTIMORE, ITS EDITION IS SO LARGE AS TO REQUIRE IT TO BE PUT TO PRESS AT AN EARLY HOUR; ADVERTISEMENTS, THEREFORE, SHOULD BE SENT IN BY TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.; OTHERWISE THEY MAY NOT APPEAR UNTIL THE NEXT DAY.

SPIRIT OF THE MORNING PRESS.

The *Union* figures up the appropriations of the last session of Congress as amounting to $44,123,804.21.

The *Union*, in an article on our Mexican and Central American relations, says that our Government is officially assured that England is not pursuing a tortuous or dishonest policy towards the Central American Government, and that as the British Government professes fairness, ours is not at liberty to doubt its honor.

The *Intelligencer* regards the late debate in the British Parliament on the Italian question as a model of parliamentary discussion.

☞ The Governor of Connecticut has appointed the 23d of April for fasting and praying.

☞ The hull of the ill-fated steamer North Carolina, recently burned in the Chesapeake bay, near the mouth of the Potomac, is to be raised.

☞ The reported arrival of the frigate Curacoa, with Lord Lyons, successor to Lord Napier, is contradicted by the New York papers.

☞ From Franklin Philp, who has it for sale, we have received a copy of Scott's "Guy Mannering," Peterson's cheap (25 cent) edition.

☞ The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's people have purchased a $52,000 lot for a church in the vicinity of New York, and will proceed forthwith to put up a large edifice.

☞ The Ocean House, in Newport, has been leased to the proprietor of Clarendon House, New York, for the term of one year, with the privilege of renewal.

☞ The French theatre in New York seems to be a success. They are going to perform on Sunday evening and the New Yorkers welcome the idea.

☞ The "Clarissa Harlowe head-dress," is the latest invention of a French coiffeur. It is formed of cornflags and jasmine bells, feathers, ribbon and a tortoise shell comb, and looks like a book.

☞ Clara Howard, the keeper of a house of ill fame, in Montgomery, Ala., committed suicide last week by taking strychnine. The particular cause of the act is unknown.

☞ From Taylor & Maury we have the January number of Scott's handsome reprint of the London Quarterly Review. It contains nine articles, three or four of them of first class ability.

☞ A Spanish paper in Los Angelos, California, entitled El Clamor Publico, is not disposed "to give it up so," and has raised the familiar names of Fremont and Dayton as candidates for the next presidency and vice-presidency.

☞ A man has been found dead in the woods, near St. Louis, under very mysterious circumstances. He was stabbed in several places, and had a stick twisted in his cravat so as to choke him. It was supposed that he had been dead about ten days when found.

☞ In New York, on Monday evening, a mass meeting was held at Tammany Hall in favor of the acquisition of the island of Cuba. Senator A. G. Brown, of Miss., Hon. Jno. Cochrane, and other distinguished gentlemen, made speeches appropriate to the occasion.

☞ Several of the London weekly papers have adopted the Bonner system of advertising, and inserted whole pages of advertising matter in the London Times and other leading papers there, as Mr. Bonner does in the Herald and other journals here. Yankeeism is spreading rapidly in Europe.

☞ The third annual commencement of the Maryland College of Pharmacy, at Baltimore, took place last evening. The number of graduates was only two, but Prof. Donaldson said that the college was yet in its infancy, and that its future prospects were of the most cheering kind. Prof. Lewis Steiner delivered the valedictory address.

☞ The Rev. William Watson, pastor of the Methodist church in Glenwood, Iowa, was arrested last week for passing counterfeit money. He made a clean breast of the matter, and said that he had joined the counterfeiters to get money to do good with. In default of heavy bail he was committed.

☞ Bernard Van Fain, a Hebrew believer in the doctrine of "passionate affinities" and the "freedom of affections," was arrested in New York on Monday for eloping with the wife and some of the personal property of Henry Orth. He was committed for grand larceny, while Mrs. Orth is still at large, the police being unable to find the place of her concealment.

☞ Advices from Havana to the 9th inst. state that Gen. William Walker and Col. Natzmer had arrived in Havana from New Orleans, en route to Aspinwall and California. Sugars had declined in price, with 150,000 boxes on hand. Havana was healthy, and had one thousand foreigners within its walls. Ash Wednesday fast was ushered in with the usual carnival rejoicings.

☞ At Cincinnati, on Saturday night, a colored gentleman who fancied he had occasion to doubt the fidelity of his wife, attempted to "shuffle off his mortal coil" by hanging himself in the cellar of his residence. Having adjusted the rope to the beam above, he placed the noose around his neck, and hoped to make a clean swing into the next world, but the rope broke, and he only received a good "garroting" and a few unimportant bruises in his fall. His experience in the hanging business induced him to try the buffetings of this world for a while longer.

FRY DIVORCE CASE.—The majority of the committee of the Legislature of Pennsylvania report in the case of Fry and wife, that the state of hostility between B. Fry and his wife, Emilie L., is such as to forever to preclude reconciliation. All confidence and affection is destroyed. The judgment of the committee is that the happiness of the parties and the interest of the public morals of society will be promoted by dissolving the bonds. Therefore, resolved, that the same be annulled and made void, and that the parties be released, fully, effectually, absolutely, and in all respects, as if never joined in marriage.

☞ In the Stephens wife poisoning case in New York, yesterday, the prosecution rested, after examining Dr. Wood at some length, as to the effect of arsenic on the system, &c. The defence waived any formal opening, and put the daughter of accused—Bella—seven years old, on the stand, who testified that she saw Fanny Bell give her mother powders taken out of the clock; also heard Fanny call her mother a liar, and offer to hit her with a bench. She also testified to her being sick from eating boiled rice; that it was after dinner, and in the kitchen she was taken ill, and not from the effects of food which Mr. Stephens had prepared for her mother, as stated by Miss Fanny Bell.

MEXICO.—The telegraph from New Orleans states that the mails by the steamer Tennessee confirm the reported success of the Liberals in Mexico. The credibility of the news is, however, considerably lessened by the announcement that "news of the intended action of the American Government had greatly encouraged the liberals." As no knowledge of any "intended action" by our Government could have been received in Mexico when the Tennessee sailed, this part of the despatch is a ridiculous fabrication, manufactured probably in New Orleans. It is suggested in some quarters, we see, that the Miramon, who is reported to have been beaten at Cordova, was not President Miramon, but a brother of his, a rumor of whose defeat was current previous to the arrival of the Tennessee at New Orleans.

WASHINGTON NEWS AND GOSSIP.

THE SICKLES CASE.—The New York *Times* is most persistently engaged in the work of preventing a fair and full trial of Daniel E. Sickles for shooting Philip Barton Key, by the publication of statements concerning the affair for facts, which are utterly untrue. Holding it to be the *Star's* duty to labor to conserve the due administration of the law in this community without fear or favor, we are under obligations to the people of the District of Columbia (who are to be the sufferers if their criminal code be not as faithfully administered in the cases of those who have hosts of friends as well as in the cases of the friendless) to expose the misrepresentations of the *Times* in this case. Thus, a few days ago, a writer in that journal, in the work of justifying the shooting of Key, proclaimed that an anonymous letter, warning him that his alleged clandestine intercourse with Mrs. Sickles was known to her husband, was found on his (Key's) person when killed. This is absolutely and unqualifiedly untrue. We were present when the papers then about him were taken from Key's body, and know that no such letter was among them. The story of the receipt of such a letter by Mr. Key rests wholly upon the allegation that the wife of Mr. Sickles makes that statement. Her testimony is no testimony in law. But independent of that fact, her conduct in the affair, if the writers above referred to are to be believed, has rendered her statements utterly unworthy of credit on the part of sensible persons.

Another writer in the same journal's issue of yesterday, entirely misrepresents public opinion here for the benefit of the killer; and, we think, the opinion of the judges of the courts of the District of Columbia, who, he alleges, have declared against the right of the friends of Key to employ counsel to assist the District Attorney to withstand the array of legal reputation, experience, and ability—Messrs. James T. Bradley, and John Graham, of New York, Reverdy Johnson, of Baltimore, and Stanton, Chilton, and others, of this city—who are to appear in behalf of the accused, notwithstanding the newspaper writers in his behalf argue that his justification by public opinion here is so clear that the jury will not leave their box ere acquitting him. The judges of the District of Columbia are men of too much discretion and character to be thus expressing volunteer opinions likely to prevent a fair trial of the case.

It is worthy of note that this writer, besides protesting against the propriety of investigating (in the course of the trial) the antecedents of both Mr. and Mrs. Sickles, makes the following statement concerning them, (their antecedents:)

"Parental opposition (to the marriage of Sickles and Miss Bajioli) in this, as in so many other deplorable cases, only ended in a clandestine marriage, which was performed before Mayor Kingsland, the Mayor of the city of New York. The consequences of this secret wedding soon made concealment impossible, and the marriage, after the full confession required by the Roman Catholic Church, was solemnized again, and received the seal of religious ratification from the hands of Dr Hughes, the Roman Catholic Archbishop, at his private residence."

That Mayor Kinsland should testify to the fact whether he did really marry the parties as here alleged, before "the consequences of this (alleged) secret wedding soon made concealment impossible;" or whether such a certificate of a prior marriage was not obtained from him without its having taken place, as long since alleged by the press in New York, is entirely pertinent, we apprehend, to the jury's just conclusion whether Mr. Key was the seduced, or seducer—a question which all must comprehend to be important in determining the justification for the killing.

The same writer essayed to announce for the friends of Mr. Key, that they propose to admit the truth of their allegation that he had clandestine intercourse of Mrs. Sickles, without requiring due proof to be made of the fact. In this, as in nearly all else they publish on the subject, their wish is evidently father to the thought. We repeat our declaration of some days ago, that the friends of Mr. Key believe that there does not exist a tittle of legal evidence of the fact; and having no confidence whatever in the various statements which are rumored to have been obtained from Mrs Sickles, they will certainly, we apprehend, require it to be duly proved according to law, before permitting it to be used as testimony to justify the killing of Key.

OUR NATIONAL DEFENCES.—The *Courrier des Etat Unis*, the New York French paper, contains a long article on the coast defences of the United States, &c., in which it is stated that it will require over 16,000 artillerists to fully man and defend the different castles and other harbor fortifications of New York; and it suggests that they should be transferred to the militia, in order that the latter may learn artillery drill and practice, to enable them to properly defend them in time of war. There is a good deal in this suggestion, and as most of these castles and forts in the United States, except those at Tortugas and Key West, are in the vicinity of large cities, we presume the project could be readily carried out. It is estimated that it would require at least 65,000 artillerists to man all the fortified castles and sea-coast fortifications in the Union. We recollect the distinguished Major Chase, late of the United States engineers, one of the ablest officers of any service, in his report to the Secretary of War in 1851, declared our sea coast "was the best fortified in the world." General Cass, whilst Secretary of War, declared his opposition, in a very masterly report, to the system of masonry castle fortifications originating with General Bernard, on account of the enormous expense, and as not being adapted to the military *personnel* of this country. The article in the *Courrier* seems to have been called forth by the criticisms in the newspapers in this country and in England upon the "memoir" of Lieut. Norton, of the United States engineers, proposing earth work defences for New York, submitted by Secretary Floyd to Congress at the last session, and it discusses the subject in the words of the French editor, "*avec grande lucidite.*"

THE EXTRA SESSION QUESTION.—On the day before yesterday, and yesterday morning, Postmaster General Holt and two or three of the principle officials of the postal branch of the public service, were with the President, aiding him with information bearing on the details of the questions, the solution of which must determine him to call an extra session of Congress or not.

We have every reason to believe that at the opening of the meeting of the Cabinet that took place yesterday, the President was impressed with an impression of the necessity of such a session of Congress, and had judged that it should be called to meet in the latter part of August. We are also satisfied that all of the Cabinet except the Postmaster General are exceedingly anxious to have the Post Offie Department attempt to get on without it, if possible. In yesterday's Cabinet meeting, they doubtless argued strenuously against the proposition. According to the general understanding here, that meeting resulted in no definite conclusions. Our belief is, that the President will adhere to his original views on the subject; because we cannot perceive the existence of other than political reasons against the propriety of those views; while the reasons of state in their favor appear to be overwhelming. Nevertheless, it is possible that there may be lawful expedients for keeping up the postal service in the absence of the lost appropriations, of which we are not now aware. We doubt not, the Cabinet took that ground in arguing the question yesterday.

RAILROAD LANDS.—The Secretary of the Interior has approved to the State of Iowa, under the act of May 15th, 1856, selections of lands to aid in the construction of railroads, as follows:

For the Dubuque and Pacific Railroad	1,152,139.32
Iowa Central Railroad	631,135.59
Mississippi and Missouri Railroad	353,431.15
Total number of acres	2,136,706.06

Also, to the State of Alabama for the Alabama and Florida Railroad, 394,522.96 acres.

OPERATIONS OF THE PATENT OFFICE.—The following is a list of patents issued from the United States Patent Office for the week ending March 15, 1859—each bearing that date:

George C. Baldwin, of East Meriden, Conn.—For improvement in adjustable wormer for ramrods.

Joseph Barber & P. C. Reinfried, of Bridesburgh, Pa.—For improvement in breech-loading fire-arm.

Zebulon B. Bellows, of Cortlandville, N. Y.—For improved chair bottoms.

Paul Boynton, of Canton, N. Y.—For improvement in magazine fire-arm.

George A. Brown, of Newfane, N. Y.—For improved machine for bending wood for felloes.

Samuel S. Campbell, of Montreal, Canada.—For improved machine for grinding and polishing saws.

I. L. Colman, of Vincennes, Ind.—For improved apparatus for regulating the supply of water to steam boilers.

Samuel Colt, of Hartford, Conn.—For improvement in packing cartridges.

Alexander Dean, of Jerusalem, N. Y.—For improvement in grinding apples.

Abram Dehuff, of York, Pa.—For improvement in preventing collisions on railroads.

Samuel F. Dexter, of Paris, N. Y.—For improvement in hanging well-buckets.

Randolph D. M. Edward, of Franklin, Mich.—For improvement in machines for folding wool.

Stephen Elliott, of Washington, Ind.—For improvement in corn planters.

Wm. H. Elliott, of Plattsburgh, N. Y.—For improved mode of obtaining curved printing surfaces.

Ralph Emerson, jr., of Rockford, Ill.—For improvement in sugar mills.

Ralph Emerson, jr., of Rockford, Ill.—For improvement in process of extracting and assorting vegetable juices by pressure.

Henry Epstein, of New York, N. Y.—For improvement in watch chains, &c.

Benaiah Fitts, of Worcester, Mass.—For improved method of operating feed rollers for planing machines.

G. W. B. Gedney, of New York, N. Y.—For improvement in self-priming fire-arm.

Elias B. Gleason, of Boston, Mass.—For combined letter and envelope.

Wm. H. Glasgow, of New York, N. Y.—For improvement in barrel packer.

Jacob Guhmann, of Rochester, N. Y.—For improved apparatus for heating and purifying the feed-water of steam-boilers.

Horatio Guild and Luther Hall, of Boston, Mass. For improvement in machines for dressing heels of boots and shoes.

Albert W. Hale, of New Britain, Conn.—For improved meat mincer.

Enoch Hidden, of New York, N. Y.—For improved ship's lights.

John Hobrecker, of Quincy, Ill.—For improvement in compositions for roofing.

P. C. Ingersoll, of Green Point, N. Y.—For improvement in hoop lock, for securing the ends of metallic bands.

H. C. Ingraham, of Guilford, and H. S. Ingraham, of Granger, Ohio.—For improved rotary planing machine.

Douglas B. Jordan, of Woonsocket, R. I.—For improvement in mode of oiling journals.

James Keniston, of Cincinnati, Ohio.—For improved spark extinguisher.

W. M. Kimball and K. Hartmann, of Cleveland, Ohio.—For improvement in lanterns.

Wm. S. Kirkham, of Branford, Conn.—For improvement in locks and latches.

John C. Kuhn, of Boonville, Ark.—For improvement in peach cutting and stoning apparatus.

Shields Liggett, of Staunton, Va.—For improvement in railroad gates.

Wm. Loyd, of Philadelphia, Pa.—For improvement in stereoscopes.

Willis E. Moore, of Crawfordsville, Ind.—For improvement in loading ordnance.

Willis E. Moore, of Crawfordsville, Ind.—For improvement in car-brakes.

Geo. W. Morgan, of Prattsburg, N. Y.—For improvement in mode of applying springs, as a motive power.

David S. Neal, of Lynn, Mass.—For improved speaking-tube for ships.

John G. Perry, of Kingston, R. I.—For improved meat cutter.

Henry W. Putnam, of Cleveland, Ohio.—For improvement in bottle-stopper fastenings.

E. L. Roberts, of Brooklyn, N. Y.—For improved fastening for folding-doors.

Geo. W. Robinson, of Boston, Mass. For improved steering apparatus.

Archelaus S. Rollins, of Albany, N. Y.—For improvement in preparing hop liquor for brewers.

P. H. Roods, of Connersville, Ind.—For improved water-wheel.

James L. Rowley, of Angola, Ind.—For improved washing machine.

James E. Russell, of Brooklyn, N. Y.—For improvement in cast-iron rails for railways.

James Smart, of Mansfield, Ohio.—For improvement in apparatus for evaporating sugar juices.

Stephen Wm. Smith, of Brooklyn, N. Y.—For improvement in machines for freezing cream &c.

Heinrich Soltmon, of New York, N. Y.—For improved electro-magnetic medical apparatus.

Frederic Stamm, of Lampter, Pa.—For improvement in lever-jacks.

George Starkweather, of Hartford, Conn.—For improved rotary stave machine.

Daniel E. Teal, of Norwich, N. Y.—For improvement in devices for raising water.

George W. Tolhurst, of Liverpool, O.—For improved washing machine.

Wm. Thomas, of Benton county, Ark.—For improvement in sail wagon.

Wm. R. Thomas, of Catasauqua, Pa.—For improvement in locomotive fire-boxes.

Philip Umholtz, of Tremont, Pa.—For improvement in railroad car journal boxes.

Jas. S. Upton, of Battle Creek, Mich.—For improvement in horse-power.

Chapman Warner, of New York, N. Y.—For improvement in clasps for the ends of bands of iron.

Noah H. Wentworth and Martin L. Ames, of Somerworth, N. H.—For improvement in railroad car coupling.

Wm. K. Wyckoff, of Ripon, Wis.—For improved bread-making table.

C. T. E. Blaich and Peter A. Bishop, of Elyria, Ohio, assignors to Peter A. Bishop, aforesaid.—For improved steering wheel.

Edward S. Boynton, of New York, N. Y., assignor to Peter R. Roach, of Elizabeth City, N. J.—For improvement in sewing machines.

Addison Crosby, of Fredonia, N. Y., assignor to H. S. Stephens, of said Fredonia.—For improved method of hanging reciprocating saws.

Thomas E. Hunt, of Indianapolis, Ind., assignor to himself and Nathan E. Hunt, of said Indianapolis.—For improvement in sugar mills.

Reissues.—Wm. Gardner, of New York, N. Y.—For improvement in machinery for preparing oval picture frames.

Wm. A. Kirby, of Buffalo, N. Y.—For improvement in harvesting machines.

Robert Marcher, of New York, N. Y., formerly of Cornwall, N. Y.—For improvement in machinery for enamelling mouldings, &c.

Lewis Solomon, of New York, N. Y.—For improved amalgamator.

Thomas Stubblefield, of Columbus, Geo.—For improvement in steam gauges.

THE WEATHER.—The following report of the weather for this morning is made from the Morse Telegraph line to the Smithsonian Institution. The time of observation is about 7 o'clock:

MARCH 16, 1859.

New York, N. Y.	clear, pleasant.
Philadelphia, Pa.	clear, pleasant.
Baltimore, Md.	clear, cool.
Washington, D. C.	clear, wind W.
Richmond, Va.	clear, pleasant.
Petersburg, Va.	clear, 55°.
Norfolk, Va.	56, wind W.
Wilmington, N. C.	clear, pleasant.
Raleigh, N. C.	clear, 50°.
Columbia, S. C.	clear, cold.
Charleston, S. C.	clear, 50°, wind SW.
Augusta, Ga.	clear, pleasant.
Savannah, Ga.	clear, 51°, wind NW.
Macon, Ga.	clear, pleasant.
Columbus, Ga.	cloudy.
Montgomery, Ala.	cloudy.

FROM THE WEST.

Frederick, Md.	clear, pleasant.
Hagerstown, Md.	clear, pleasant.
Cumberland, Md.	clear, pleasant.
Wheeling, Va.	clear, pleasant.
Parkersburg, Va.	clear, pleasant.
Harmer	clear, pleasant.
Cincinnati, O.	clear, pleasant.

Barometer at the Smithsonian, at 7 a. m., (corrected for temperature,) 30,117; at noon 30,090.

Thermometer, at 7 a. m., 41°; at noon 51°.

Maximum during 24 hours ending 9 a. m. today, 69°; minimum 42°.

THE PARAGUAY EXPEDITION.—Dates from Buenos Ayres to January 23d have been received. The American squadron was at Paran on the 10th. Commissioner Bowlin and Com. Shubrick had an interview with Urquiza, who subsequently went north, as was supposed, to offer his good offices to President Lopez. Hopes of peace were general at Buenos Ayres. It was thought that Lopez would yield. The steamer Southern Star was towing the Preble up the river.

PERSONAL.

.... Mr. Richard Cobden arrived at Toronto, C. W., on Monday, and paid a visit to Parliament.

.... Mr. Smith O'Brien left Richmond on Monday for the South, after spending two days with his friends in the most agreeable manner.

.... The wife of Gen. Miramon, who has lately become President of Mexico, is said to be a regular trump card. She notified her husband—a young man of twenty-seven years—that he must fight his way into the presidential chair, or she would not live with him.

.... Dominica la Manna, the orchestra leader, who died in New York this week, was one of the most widely-known musicians of the day. He was the leader at the theatre in this city when John Brougham was playing his late engagement, and theatre-goers will remember the amusing semi-musical colloquies nightly occurring between King Powhatan and La Manna.

.... The Philadelphia Press has some reason to believe that Mr. Dickens has finally determined *not* to revisit the United States. The inducement held out to him is said to have been £10,000, for which he was to have read, throughout the Union and in Canada, from September to March, travelling expenses also defrayed by contractor. Mr. Dickens is said to have commenced a new serial story, and to have nearly completed a shorter tale, which he purposes to read in public prior to its appearance in print.

AN ELECTION IN KANSAS.—Governor Medary has issued a proclamation for an election on the fourth Monday in March, in accordance with the act of the last Legislature, providing for the formation of a constitution for the State Government. Three months' residence prior to the election is requisite to vote. Aliens having declared their intentions to become citizens, are qualified. Delegates to the constitutional convention are to be elected.

☞ 35 BEAUTIFUL GIFTS Presented To-Morrow Night, at Odd Fellows' Hall. It

☞ ST. PATRICK'S DAY.—A Panegyric of St. Patrick, Apostle of Ireland, will be delivered in St. Dominick's Church (Island) on THURSDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock. mar 16 2t

☞ ST. PATRICK'S DAY.—The Catholic Benefical Total Abstinence Association of the District of Columbia, will celebrate St. Patrick's Day. It is the second anniversary of their organization, and the time-honored National Festival of Ireland's Patron.

The following Programme is ordered by the Association: 1st, attendance at High Mass in St. Patrick's Church, 10½ a. m.; 2d, Public Procession through the principal street of the city; 3d, Public Dinner at the Assembly Rooms—1st, Members will be at their hall at 9½ o'clock a. m., will form in line under their Marshals and proceed to St. Patrick's Church by a convenient route—3d, Members will again meet at their hall at 2½ o'clock p. m. and under their Marshals form for the Public Procession. They will march by the following route: From F to New York ave., by 14th; by New York ave., to the White House; by Pennsylvania ave., to the Capitol; by Jersey ave., to Massachusetts ave; by Massachusetts ave., to Seventh street; by Seventh street to F; by F to their hall on Tenth street. They will be attended by two bands. John D. Clark, Esq., Chief Marshal. ☞ The celebration will close by a re-union at dinner at the Assembly Rooms, where the Association will cordially welcome the friends of the cause and of the occasion. Covers removed at 7 o'clock.

JAMES J. KANE, Sec.

☞ EVERYBODY DELIGHTED Last Night, at O. F. Hall, with the Distribution of Gifts.

☞ CONCERT.—The Western Mission Sunday School, No. 1, of the Young Mens' Christian Association give their Second Annual Concert in Rev. Dr. Gurley's Church, (F street,) on THURSDAY EVENING, March 17, at 7½ o'clock. The programme will consist of new and choice selections from "Songs for the Sabbath School and Vestry," lately published by Henry Hoyt, Boston, together with a "Salutatory," the music and words of which composed for this occasion by a member of the School. Several amateur vocalists under the direction of Mr. Clubb, and an association of instrument al performers, will assist. The opening piece will be an overture upon the organ by Mr. Parkhurst.

Tickets 25 cents—for sale, at Taylor & Maury's and Ballantyne's Bookstores, Nairn & Palmer's Drug Store, and by Sunday School children throughout the city. The object is to procure means to enable the school to carry on its work. mar 12 5t

☞ INCREASE OF PRESENTS To Morrow Night, at O. F. Hall. Russian War! It

☞ NEW BUILDING ASSOCIATION.—Books of subscription to the stock of a new Building Association are now open at the store of Edward C. Dyer, No. — Penn. avenue, and at the office of T. M. Hanson, No. 5½ 7th street, opposite Intelligencer Office. mar 7-tf

FOR NORFOLK, VA.—The schooner R. K. Hawley, Captain Pritchard, is now loading for the above port, to sail with despatch. Apply to HYDE & DAVIDSON, Water street, Georgetown. mar 16 2t

FOR CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP, FOR SALE—A good round little HORSE suitable for a lady to unride; gentle to any kind of harness. Also, a light, well made, mere-leading CARRYALL, and set of made HARNESS. Enquire at A. J. JOYCE'S Coach Factory, corner 11th and E sts. mar 16 3t

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

THE Steamer Columbia will resume her regular trips from Baltimore to the District of Columbia on SATURDAY next, 19th instant.

HYDE & DAVIDSON, Agents.
mar 16 3t Water street, Georgetown, D. C.

SECOND HAND DOORS, WINDOWS, and BRICKS for sale; also, a small MARBLE MANTEL, as good as new, cheap for cash. Enquire at No. 21 south A street, Capitol Hill, opposite the Capitol Square, south side.
mar 16-eo3t* J. B. GARDNER.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I AM Now receiving a very extensive and choice stock of French and American PAPERHANGINGS, WINDOW SHADES of every variety. Together with a general assortment of other goods in my line, at very low prices.

L. F. CLARK,
Paperhanger and Upholsterer,
mar 16-2w No. 243 Pa. av., bet. 12th and 13th sts.

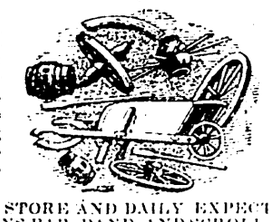
NOTICE.

WAS Placed in the Post Office, Washington, on the night of 31 March, a letter addressed to Fowle & Co., Alexandria, Va., containing a note drawn by Henry C. Purdy, and endorsed by John Purdy, for $25 ⅞. Notice is hereby given that payment has been stopped.

HENRY C. PURDY,
No. 343 Pa. avenue, Washington.
mar 16-3t (Alex. Sentinel copy.)

309 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, 309
SOUTH SIDE.

COACH FINDINGS. BLACKSMITHS' HARDWARE.



IN STORE AND DAILY EXPECTED:
20 TONS BAR, BAND, AND SCROLL IRON,
20 WRIGHT'S PATENT ANVILS,
40 SOLID BOX VICES,
375 SETS ASSORTED HUBS,
250 do. do. SPOKES,
100 do. do. RIMS,
50 do. SAWED FELLOES, &c., &c., &c.
ELVANS & THOMPSON,
309 Penn. avenue, bet. 9th and 10th sts.,
mar 16 1w (States.) south side.

MORE TO BE ADMIRED THAN THE *RICHEST DIADEM*
IS SEEN
WORN BY KINGS OR EMPERORS.

What? Why a Beautiful Head of Hair.

Because it is the ornament *God Himself provided* for all our race. Reader, although the rose may bloom ever so brightly in the glowing cheek, the eye be ever so sparkling, the teeth be those of pearls, if the head is bereft of its covering, or the hair be sparkled and shriveled, *harsh and dry*, or worse still, if sprinkled with gray, nature will lose more than half her charms. Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative, if used two or three times a week, will restore and permanently secure to all such an ornament. Read the following and judge. The writer of the last is *the celebrated Pianist, Thalberg*:

NEW YORK, April 19, 1858.

DR. WOOD—Dear Sir: Permit me to express to you the obligations I am under for the entire restoration of my hair to its original color, about the time of my arrival in the United States. It was rapidly becoming grey, but upon the application of your "Hair Restorative" it was entirely restored to its original hue. I consider your Restorative a very wonderful invention, quite as much so as your celebrated Hair Dye, and shall not fail to recommend it to my friends.

Yours truly, S. THALBERG.

"Dutch Oak Grove, Ala."

WELSH NEW-PAPER OFFICE, DINWIDDIE, April 12, 1858.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: Some months (six or seven) ago I received a bottle of your Hair Restorative, and gave it to my wife, who concluded to try it on her hair, little thinking at the time that it would restore the grey hair to its original color, but to her as well as my surprise, after a few weeks' trial it has performed that wonderful effect by turning all the grey hairs to a dark brown, at the same time beautifying and thickening the hair. I strongly recommend the use of Restorative to all persons in want of such a change of their hair.

CHARLES CARSEW.

NEW YORK, July 25, 1857.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—With confidence do I recommend your Hair Restorative, as being the most efficacious article I ever saw. Since using your Hair Restorative my hair and whisker, which were almost white, have gradually grown dark, and I now feel confident that a few more applications will restore them to their natural color. It also has relieved me of all dandruff and much severe itching, so common among persons who perspire freely. J. G. KILBY.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 1, 1857.

PROF. WOOD: About two years ago my hair commenced falling off and turning grey; I was fast becoming bald, and had tried many remedies to no effect. I commenced using your Restorative in January last. A few applications fastened my hair firmly. It began to fill up, grow out, and turned back to its former color, (black.) At this time it is fully restored to its original color, health, and appearance, and I cheerfully recommend its use to all. J. D. HOES.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium, and small; the small holds half a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion, and retails for $3.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment,) and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo.; and sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. mar 16-3tawly,rq

GEORGETOWN ADVERTISEM'TS.

COMFORTABLE BOARD.—Several persons can be accommodated at COX'S Cornucopia, No. 26 Market Space and Canal Bridge, Georgetown, with quiet and comfortable BOARD, on the most reasonable terms. mar 15-1w

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
GEORGETOWN, D. C., March 14th, 1859.

The subscriber will pay a REWARD OF ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS to any person who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of the party who fired upon the Band of Musicians in this town on Friday night, the 11th inst.

mar 14-1w HENRY ADDISON, Mayor.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
GEORGETOWN, D. C., March 14th, 1859.

Notice is hereby given to the holders of all orders on the Corporation of Georgetown for the improvement of streets, and to those having unsettled accounts against the Corporation, to present them to the Clerk that they may be filed.

mar 14 1w HENRY ADDISON, Mayor.

JEWELRY REPAIRED.

JEWELRY REPAIRED in a superior manner and at about one half the usual charge, by JAMES A. WATSON, (assisted by experienced workmen,) 59 Bridge street, Georgetown, D. C. mar 14-3t*

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Geo. S. Rusey & Co. is dissolved this day. Francis G. Bowman, returning from the firm.

Georgetown, D. C., March 10th, 1859. mar 10-6t*

BOSTON ICE! BOSTON ICE!!

JUST RECEIVED, Bills of lading of 1,000 tons superior BOSTON ICE, now on the way and daily expected. This, together with several hundred tons now in house, constitutes my stock—in point of quantity and quality, equal to any in the District.

Being extensively engaged in the business, I am determined to spare neither pains, labor, or means to furnish the public, at all times, with a pure article, on the most reasonable terms.

All orders left with the drivers of my wagons, (marked "Godey's Ice,") or at my office, corner of Dumbarton and Green streets, Georgetown, will meet with prompt attention.

fe 24-1m WALTER GODEY.

FOR RENT.—The large BRICK DWELLING and STORE at the corner of Bridge and Jefferson streets, in Georgetown, will be for rent on the 1st day of April next. There is a carriage-house and stable attached to the dwelling, and a hydrant in the yard, and another by the stable. The dwelling contains 11 commodious rooms, beside the outhouses, and commands a fine view of the Potomac river and the adjacent country. Apply to SAMUEL McKENNEY, 124 Dumbarton st. mar 8-eo2w

J. OWENS' BERRY.
WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.
fe 22 tf No. 5 High street, near Water.

NOW IS YOUR TIME.
AT COST FOR CASH.

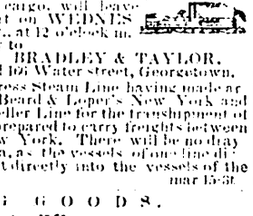
Entire stock of DRY GOODS and FANCY ARTICLES. We name in part: 10 doz. Extension Skirts, at $1.25, worth $2.50; 300 yards Carpeting, at 31c., worth 62½; best 4-4 Oilcloth, at 45c.; Corsets at 37½; and all other Goods at cost for cash only.

fe 22-1m W. R. HURDLE, High st.

BOARDING.—Two gentlemen and their wives can be accommodated with pleasant ROOMS and BOARDING, on reasonable terms, by applying at No. 77 Bridge street, Georgetown. fe 23-1m

FOR RENT—A three-story BRICK HOUSE, with all the modern improvements, situated on Fayette street, opposite the Academy of Visitation. Inquire of Mrs. ANN R. O'NEAL, next door.
fe 18-eo1m

COFFIN MATERIALS AND TRIMMINGS!
UPHOLSTERY HARDWARE!!
CABINET HARDWARE!!!



Coffin Handles, Screws, Plates, Tacks, Lace, and Name-plates. Upholsterers' Curl Hair, Moss, Jacks, Tufts, Buttons and Shade Fixtures. Cabinet Locks, Gimps, Buttons, Casters, Screw Rings, Knobs, &c. Hair Cloth, Fancy colored Canvass, Looking Glasses, Plates, &c.

ELVANS & THOMPSON,
309 Pa. av., bet. 9th & 10th sts., south side.
mar 15-1w

CANARY BIRDS, BIRD CAGES, BIRD SEED, FISH BONE, &c., at my Housefurnishing Store, 490 7th street.
mar 15 G. FRANCIS.

TALLY HO!

THE BEST RAZORS are the "Tally Ho's." They never fail. For the genuine call at
mar 15 FRANCIS'S, 490 Seventh street.

MISS WHITE

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies of Washington and its vicinity that she has resumed the DRESS MAKING, and will be thankful for the patronage formerly given her.

475 9th street, between D and E. mar 15-3t*

CONSUMPTION.

THIS is to notify my numerous patients that I close my office in this city on this afternoon, being compelled to do so from a pressure of business. Those needing treatment or destroys of continuing the medicine will address me at No. 141 Eighth st., Canton Place, New York.

mar 15 3t* J. D. DURKIN.

OFFICE WASHINGTON
BRANCH RAILROAD, March 11, 1859.

Proposals will be received by the undersigned for the transportation of the mail between the Post Office and Railroad Station.

There are three trains leaving and four arriving every day, and each carrying a mail.

Particulars as to the service may be obtained at this office.

The company will sell reasonably the Horses and Wagons now in use.

By order: T. H. PARSONS,
mar 15 5t Agent.

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE BARGAIN—A fore-seated ENGLISH BROUGHAM, a pair of young HORSES about six hands high, and a set of double CARRIAGE HARNESS. Apply at the British Legation, 245 H street, Washington. mar 4

EXPRESS STEAM LINE
FOR PHILADELPHIA.

The propeller JAMES JEROME, of this line, now discharging cargo, will leave for the above port on WEDNESDAY, the 16th inst., at 12 o'clock m.

For freight apply to
BRADLEY & TAYLOR,
161 and 165 Water street, Georgetown.

N. B.—The Express Steam Line having made arrangements with Beard & Loper's New York and Philadelphia Propeller Line for the transhipment of freights, are now prepared to carry freights between this place and New York. There will be no delay at Philadelphia, as the vessels of our line will discharge their freight directly into the vessels of the other line. mar 15-3t

SPRING GOODS.

F. T. MADDON,
No. 349 SEVENTH STREET.

HAS JUST RETURNED FROM NEW YORK, WITH AN ENTIRELY NEW AND SPLENDID VARIETY OF

DELAINES, CHALLIES, SILKS,
ORGANDIES, JACONETS,
POLL DE CHEVRES, BAREGES, DUCALS,
&c., &c.,

To which we invite the attention of the LADIES OF WASHINGTON AND VICINITY.

We have this season added to our stock a nice assortment of

MADE UP LACE GOODS, BONNET RIBBONS,
POMPADOUR SETS, TRIMMINGS,
&c., &c., &c.,

With a fine assortment of other NEW GOODS.
mar 15-1w

THE GREAT VITAL REGENERATOR,
TRIESEMAR!

TRIESEMAR—Protected by Royal Letters Patent of England, and secured by the Seals of the Ecole de Pharmacie de Paris and the Imperial College of