## ESTRADA PALMA ASKED QUESTIONS

dent of Cuba. Appointed to Draw Up Committee

Ouban Competition Will Not Hurt the American Cigar Trade.

Inoculation by Mosquitoes Yellow the Fever-Notorious

Havana, Aug. 28.—The committee recently appointed by prominent revolutionary leaders to address a lotter to Senor T. Estrada Palma, asking for a more specific statement from him regarding the programme he would follow if elected president of the Cuban republic, designated Jurn Gualberto Gomez to draft the communication. He says the letter is in the nature of advice to Senor Palma, suggesting that he shold make declarations on certain points of polloy.

"The letter suggests to Senor Palma," continued Senor Gomez, "that he should declare that some clauses of the Platt amendment are objectionable to the Cubans, and should pledge himself, in case an opportunity arise, to work toward chauging these in harmony with the United States government.

"With reference to the payment of the Cuban army, the letter advises Senor Palma to declare that all claims will be thoroughly examined before they are recognized.

"He is also invited to declare that Cuba cannot afford to grant very liberal tariff concessions to the United States for some time, as she needs the customs revenues being unable at present to raise internal laxes."

Before the letter is forwarded it will be discussed by others who formed part of the assembly of revolutionists who appointed the committee.

Cuban Competition Would Not Hurt.

Hurt.

Hayana, Aug. 28.—Gustay Bock, in the course of a report to the Cigar Maunfacturers' Union, regarding the coulook of the cigar and tobacco industry, expresses the opinion that there is no danger to be apprehended from American compellion so far as Cuban cigars are concerned. He takes the ground that, even if Cuba sent ail her cigars to the United Statos—and she produced 200,000,000 lnst year—this could not seriously affect the American producers and manufacturers, who, last year, sold 5,500,000,000 cigars in the United States. Even if Cuba were to more than double her present output and to send all to the United States, this would not change the situation.

Mr. Bock points out also that the tobacco soil in Cuba is limited and that the American grower has the advantage of the Cuban grower in view of the fact that the cost of production of tobacco is greater in Cuba than in the United States.

Inoculation Against Yellow Fever.
Havana, Aug. 23.—A nonimmune has been inoculated with the serum which ber caldas, the Brazilian expert, allegos to be a proventive of yellow fever and has been bitten by two infected mosquitoes. The period of inoculation is from four of five days.

Major Harvard, the chief surgeou, discussing the Caldas and other experiments, says that the yellow fever commission and himself have carefully considered the question of applying infected mosquitoes to nonimmunes and have reached the conclusion that in view of all the circumstances, the fact that persons voluntarily undergo the experiments, and also the importance of the matter from a scentile point of view, the experiments are justiliable.

les that he would surrender for \$50 rovided he were allowed to leave the sland. Upon receipt of this offer toward was doubled, and urgent instructions were sent to General Rodriguez, ural guard, to capture Lima. Finally the audit's mother asked Acting Govern leneral Scott to promise to pardon higher asked to pardon higher sent to pardon higher asked to promise to be surrendered. The reply was the he gave himself up he would be tritle a bundlt, and if he remained at large cessary.

Hurt.

Against

the Document.

As to His Programme if Elected Presi-