







Mr. Lawless's breast there were, besides gunshot wounds, examine, and cannot say whether they had any other than gunshot wounds. Mr. Lawless took no part in the war in the American flag for the first time.

The above deposition was subscribed and sworn to before me, the city of Granada, this 20th day of October 1856.

Judge of First Instance, O. D. QUARANTERA'S OFFICE. Granada, October 21, 1856.

There are several other affidavits yet to be published and transmitted to Washington.

REGISTRAR OF THE ARMY—MILITARY CHANGES MADE BY ORDER.

C. F. Hemminger is appointed Brigadier-General in the army, and will take charge of the ordnance and artillery, under the command of General Walker.

Private H. O. Forter to be First Lieutenant Sappers and Miners.

Mr. James M. Smith, Jr. to be Second Lieutenant Sappers and Miners.

Private John G. Hare, Company A, Second Rifles, to be Second Lieutenant Company A, Second Rifles.

Private John A. Clark, Company F, Second Infantry, to be Second Lieutenant Company F, Second Infantry.

Private Dennis E. Hayes to be Second Lieutenant Sappers and Miners.

Private John G. Hare, Company A, Second Rifles, to be Second Lieutenant Company A, Second Rifles.

Private H. M. Hayes, Company A, Second Rifles, to be Second Lieutenant Company A, Second Rifles.

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arrive to this number of 500—by the San Francisco and New York steamers, 200—in all 700.

The effort of Mr. Dehl, referred to in my letter of the 2d of October, in establishing here a division of the "Sons of Temperance," does not appear to have been very successful, for there has since been no meeting of the society, nor any additions made, and several of the original members have "backslidden."

Mr. Dehl made rather a lucky escape to leaving Nicaragua for California by the first steamer after his arrival during his stay here, he was a lodger in the same house with Rev. Mr. Wheeler, murdered by the invading enemy during the late battle of Granada.

Mr. Dehl preceded others while here for Rev. Mr. Wheeler, at the American Embassy, and Mr. Wheeler subsequently arrested Mr. Dehl in establishing the "Granada Division of the Sons of Temperance." They were intimate, constantly together, and Mr. D. would probably have been at the house of Mr. Lawless on the day of the battle, and have shared the fate of Messrs. Wheeler, Carston, Lawless and Ferguson, had he remained as he intimated, fifteen days longer.

In referring to the drinking establishments of Granada, I may as well mention an interesting incident which occurred at one of these—the Walker House, during the battle of the 12th and 13th October.

That establishment—a large adobe building, situated at the southeast corner of the Plaza—was taken by the enemy early in the light, and together with two or three others contiguous, was partially barricaded, and occupied by them as a place of attack and defence, up to the time the American troops, under the command of General Walker, by their commanding position it became the point of constant assault from our little force in Granada.

It was in this house that Major Gillis was shot in attempting, with a few men, to drive out the enemy on the morning of the 12th. He fell at the entrance, and was taken to a large cast window, and encased near the top of the same, his owner not thinking at the time that his life was about to be endangered by the deadly aim of our American rifles.

General Walker's army from Masaya arrived on the 10th, and a small brass piece taken from the enemy was planted inside of the Walker House, and fired from the east window, routing entirely the enemy from the opposite corner, which they had also occupied.

When I closed my report of the 23rd ult., the steamer had been ordered to leave at 4 P. M. of that day; but she has nevertheless been detained, from hour to hour, by order of General Walker, until to day.

THE BATTLES OF GRANADA AND MASSAYA, and the thrilling events connected therewith, continue to absorb the public attention, particularly the attack on the American flag, by the San Francisco and the Grenada ships, and the combined numbers of unarmed American citizens.

THE OUTRAGE ON THE AMERICAN FLAG—ADDITIONAL TESTIMONY RECORDED. The following additional affidavits, furnished Colonel Wheeler, I have been enabled to obtain since the mailing of my letter of the 23d of October.

LEGATION OF UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. NEAR THE REPUBLIC OF NICARAGUA. This day came before me John H. Wexler, U. S. Minister, that he emigrated from New York city, where he has resided for two years, in the steamship Tennessee, for Nicaragua, on the 2d of August, 1856.

JOHN H. WEXLER, U. S. MINISTER. I do hereby certify that I was present with Capt. Danican; and of my own knowledge the above are the names of every party present.

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